

ISS GLOBAL / DAILY INCIDENT INVESTIGATION



Hamoud church funeral shooting

Karak, Jordan: official updates, casualty reconciliation and attribution limits

REPORTING / REVIEW WINDOW

23 October 2026, 00:00-23:59:59 Europe/London.

ISSUE DATE

2026-10-24

A lethal shooting during a funeral exposed a place of worship and its community to mass harm. Official reporting supports seven deaths; the later health briefing reports 40 injuries. Perpetrator identity and group linkage remain unresolved in the reviewed record.

This edition investigates the public record from 23 October. It separates changing medical totals, official terrorism descriptions and reported video verification from established attribution. Maps identify the village only; no attack-scene or victim imagery is reproduced.

Principal reporting: ^[3] ^[4]

What happened and its threat significance

COUNTRY	WHERE	WHEN
 Jordan	Hamoud (also Hamud/Hammoud), Karak Governorate; village reference, not a verified church coordinate. [7] [8] [9]	23 October 2026. A press-conference account places receipt of the alert at about 14:10 local; exact onset remains unverified. [11]

What happened

Gunmen attacked people attending a funeral at a church. Authorities were still pursuing those responsible in the same-day reporting. The later medical account reports seven deaths and 40 injuries. [3] [4]

Threat significance

ISS Global assessment: the event combines immediate loss of life with wider pressure on community confidence. Response information must distinguish a confirmed event, changing clinical status and unproven offender relationships.

EXECUTIVE JUDGEMENT

Use the later health account as a dated reporting baseline, not a final certified casualty roll. Preserve conflicting accounts and avoid assigning a group or collective identity without evidence.

02 / RECONSTRUCTION

What happened

The minimum supported account

The initial PSD account, carried by Petra, described a fatal shooting during a funeral in Karak Governorate and an active investigation. It gave six deaths and 28 injuries; subsequent briefings changed those numbers. ^[1]

Reuters locates the attack at Hamoud church and reports that authorities described the assailants as extremists. The Interior Minister said any relationship to established groups was not yet known. No immediate responsibility claim was reported. ^[4]

Sequence and evidential boundary

Reuters reports verifying a video by matching the entry path, wall and other church features. Its account describes three armed people approaching and firing before moving toward the entrance. That is the agency's verification result, not a new independent geolocation by ISS Global. ^[4]

A continuous evidential sequence is unavailable here. No original CCTV file, complete camera set, weapon examination, emergency-call recording or authenticated scene plan was obtained. Exact onset, duration, individual firing positions and escape movement are not reconstructed.

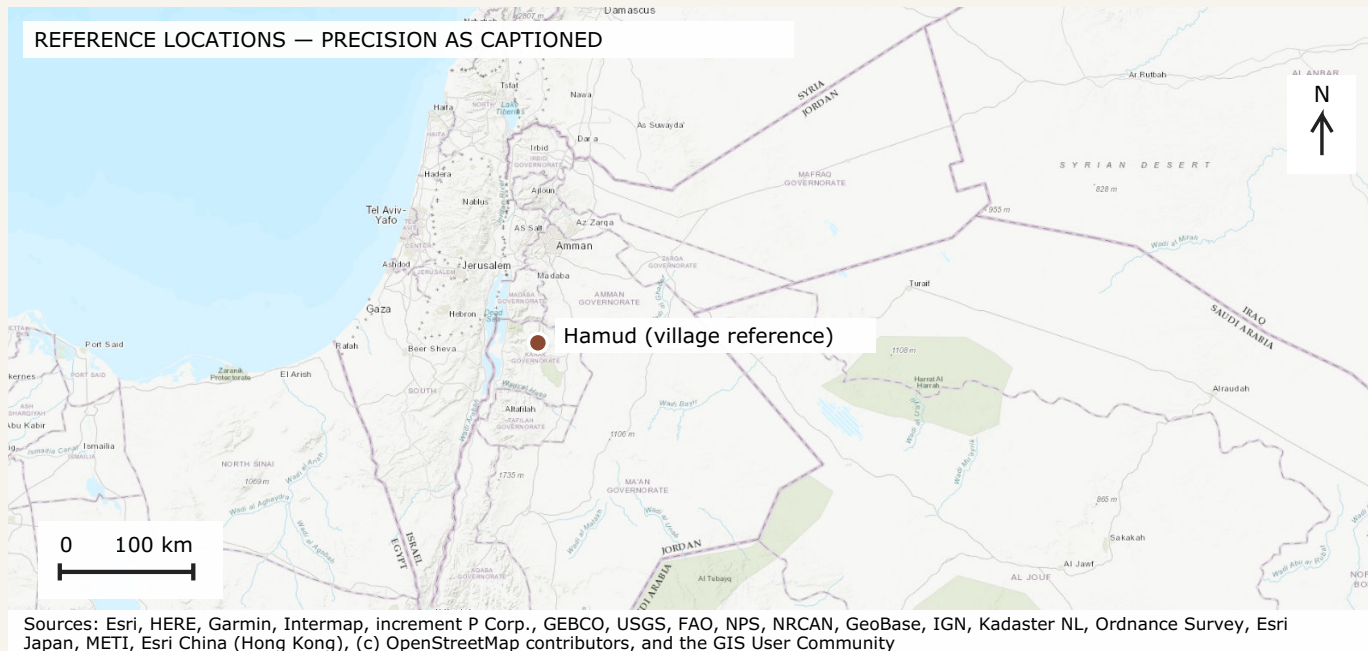
Classification and investigation

Petra's report of the ministerial briefing records an official terrorist characterization and a continuing effort to locate the attackers. An official label is reported as such; it is not a conviction, proof of a particular organisation or a substitute for offender identification. ^[2]

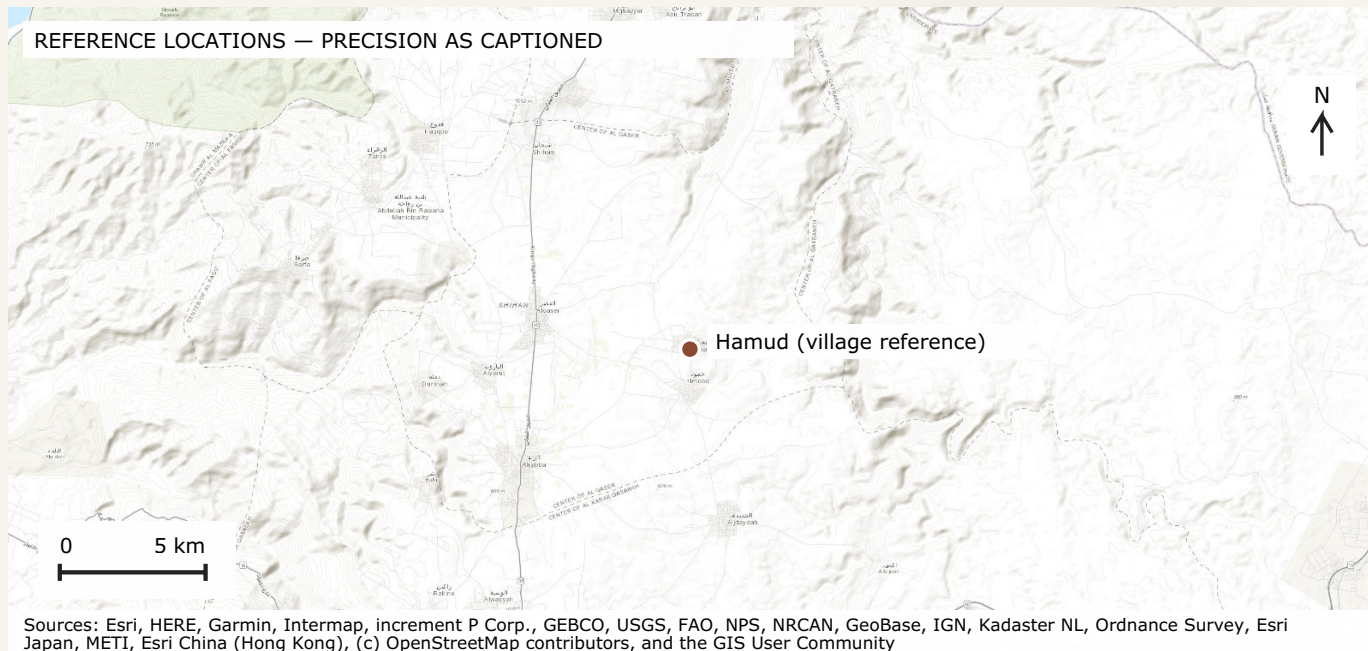
No substantiated IED finding was identified in the reviewed incident record. The event is analysed as a shooting; a device taxonomy would add unsupported precision.

03 / LOCATION

Hamoud in its regional setting



Regional context. Marker denotes Hamoud village, not a church entrance, security perimeter or attack point. [8] [10]



Local context. No approach, escape route or police deployment is inferred. Village reference: 31.305 N, 35.7989 E. [8] [9]

Map image is the intellectual property of Esri and is used herein under license. Copyright © 2026 Esri and its licensors. All rights reserved. Provider credits, north and independently checked scale bars are embedded. Acquired 24 October 2026. [10]

Event time and reporting time

STAGE	PUBLIC RECORD	HANDLING
23 October, about 14:10 local	Alert receipt in Jo24 transcript of PSD briefing. [11]	Not proven shooting start time.
16:54:18 displayed	Initial Petra casualty release. [1]	Early balance; retain as an earlier version.
17:30 local briefing; 20:37:50 publication	Ministerial/PSD press conference. [2]	Event time of briefing differs from publication time.
20:08 UTC update	Reuters updated report. [4]	Agency update, not attack time.
22:48:04 displayed	Petra health/government briefing report. [3]	Later same-day medical account.
End of 23 October, London	Daily reporting cutoff.	Later developments excluded from substantive assessment.

Chronology sources: [11] [1] [2] [3] [4]

Timezone discipline

Jordan was on UTC+3, while London was on BST (UTC+1) for this reporting period. About 14:10 in Jordan corresponds to 11:10 UTC / 12:10 BST. The full London reporting day ends at 01:59:59 Jordan time on 24 October. Dates on webpages are therefore checked against the defined window rather than used as interchangeable event timestamps.

What cannot be timed

The first shot, emergency dispatch, arrival of each responder, hospital admission and completion of any search are not verified here. No sequence is invented to fill the gaps. A future update should record a sourced event time separately from when a statement or article appeared.

Why the reported numbers differ

ACCOUNT	DEATHS	INJURY / TREATMENT WORDING
Initial PSD/Petra [1]	6	28 injuries.
Jo24 briefing transcript [11]	7	34 total affected, including seven dead; 27 treated.
Petra conference account [2]	7	34 injuries in the article wording.
Later health briefing [3]	7	40 injuries; two critical cases.
Reuters late update [4]	7	40 wounded, attributed to Health Minister.

Core source links: [11] [1] [2] [3] [4]

Preferred baseline

For this edition, the later health minister’s account is preferred for the reported medical balance. It is later within the window, comes from the responsible clinical portfolio and is reflected in Reuters’ late update. It is not independently audited against patient-level records. The unresolved earlier wording is retained rather than silently rewritten.

Do not add transfers to admissions

The health briefing describes 14 admissions at Karak Government Hospital and 26 at Prince Ali military hospital. It also records transfers. Those movements are not additional casualties; they are part of treatment pathways. A person-level reconciliation is required before deriving distinct patient totals. [3]

Status, not a permanent total

Counts should carry their source, reporting time and denominator: killed, injured, admitted, transferred, discharged or still receiving care. A reduction in patients being treated need not mean a corrected injury total. Conflicting snapshots should be preserved until the responsible authority explains the relationship.

What the evidence does not establish

Official assessment versus identified network

The authorities’ terrorism/extremism description is supported as a public institutional assessment. It does not by itself identify a specific group, outside direction, logistical network or named offender. A lack of an immediate claim is not evidence that every potential organisation has been excluded. [2] [4]

QUESTION	POSITION AT CUTOFF	EVIDENCE NEEDED TO CHANGE IT
Who carried out the attack?	No verified offender identification adopted.	Attributed arrest/charge record and item-level links.
Was a group involved?	No established group link in reviewed sources.	Corroborated communications, financing or judicial findings.
What weapons were used?	Shooting established; exact configuration not independently verified here.	Recovered exhibits and attributed examination.
Why this funeral or congregation?	Motive not independently proven.	Verified targeting evidence and suspect account tested against facts.
Is another attack linked?	No cross-case finding adopted.	Specific forensic, relational or communications linkage.

Analytical judgement

Multiple attackers, a religious setting and official terrorism language make organised intent an investigative concern. They do not license collective blame or prove a particular ideology for each participant. Assessments should be revised at the claim level when evidence changes.

Neither an arrest nor an allegation would establish guilt. This report does not reproduce names, unverified suspect portraits or private addresses.

07 / EVIDENCE AND IMAGERY

Provenance, access and contradiction

Source-family audit

Petra's casualty, ministerial and health reports are separate releases within an official information stream, not three independent forensic examinations. Reuters adds reporting and its own stated video verification, but official totals reproduced by the agency remain official totals. The NCHR statement is independent institutional reaction, not a casualty investigation. ^[7]

Imagery reviewed for possible inclusion

An image URL associated with Petra's ministerial briefing was identified. Retrieval returned HTTP 451, Unavailable For Legal Reasons; the image was omitted and no alternate access was used. No attack-scene photograph was authenticated for reproduction. The WCC result showed unrelated Jericho scenery, which was rejected. No generated or stock attack imagery is substituted.

A media description of CCTV is not a frame-by-frame examination. The original capture metadata, full duration and camera continuity were unavailable. The report therefore does not infer identities, calibres, trajectories or exact positions from it.

Publication and victim dignity

Petra reported a publication restriction, followed by a clarification distinguishing general discussion from investigative evidence and victim-privacy material. This records the public statements, not advice on the legal reach of the order. No victim images or protected investigative exhibits are reproduced. ^{[5] [6]}

Preserving an audit trail

The companion record retains source titles, language, dates, family, access limitations, claim status, rejected imagery and map provenance. Numbered references identify the source used for each material factual proposition.

Community impact and evidence priorities

ISS Global assessment

The central operational problem is to preserve the relationship between people, locations, medical outcomes and investigative findings while information changes. A headline count cannot explain who was present, which observations are independently supported or what remains unresolved. A single incident also cannot establish an increasing regional trend.

Rights and public communication

Jordan's NCHR condemned the attack and framed protection of life, religious practice and due process as shared obligations. That provides a useful institutional context for communication which supports victims without turning uncertainty into communal accusation. ^[7]

Priority requirements

- Obtain a consolidated, dated casualty statement with explicit denominators and transfer handling.
- Retain original official statements and distinguish amended versions from separate events.
- Seek releasable, authenticated scene chronology and exhibit findings without publishing protected material.
- Record a claim, arrest, charge and adjudicated result as different statuses.
- Keep locality references separate from verified premises or incident coordinates.

Dfuzze relevance

For an incident and evidence-management workflow, each claim needs its source, time, confidence and any contradiction. Link a person, location or exhibit only when the evidential basis supports that relationship. This is an information requirement, not a claim that any responding agency uses Dfuzze.

Scope and history

The local website archive and available output filenames contained no matching Hamoud edition. Full historic storage and delivery records were not available, so global deduplication remains incomplete. This daily issue is delivered locally; no email or website publication is claimed.

SOURCE REGISTER

Sources 01–05

Source families and access limits are recorded below. Repetition of a statement is not independent proof.

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- 01 **Public Security Directorate announces initial deaths and injuries in Karak**
Jordan News Agency (Petra) / PSD spokesperson · 23 October 2026, 16:54:18 displayed
Family: Official casualty announcement relayed by state news agency · Accessed 24 October 2026. Full Arabic article downloaded and read; translated by ISS Global. Early six-death/28-injury count, not a final balance. No clinical records reviewed.
Open original source: pt1.petra.gov.jo
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- 02 **Press conference of the Interior Minister and Director of Public Security in Karak**
Jordan News Agency (Petra) / Mohammad Al-Assasfeh · 23 October 2026, 20:37:50 displayed; briefing at 17:30 local
Family: Direct official press-briefing report · Accessed 24 October 2026. Full Arabic article read and archived. Attributes terrorism description and ongoing search to officials. Casualty wording conflicts with the other accounts; retained without forced reconciliation.
Open original source: pt1.petra.gov.jo
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- 03 **Al-Momani and Al-Budour review developments during a press briefing**
Jordan News Agency (Petra) / Mohammad Al-Assasfeh · 23 October 2026, 22:48:04 displayed
Family: Official government/health briefing · Accessed 24 October 2026. Full Arabic article downloaded and read; translated. Latest reviewed same-day health account: seven deaths and 40 injuries. Transfers are not additional people. Victim-image privacy request retained.
Open original source: pt1.petra.gov.jo
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- 04 **Seven killed as gunmen open fire at church in Jordan in terrorist attack, authorities say**
Reuters / Alaa al-Sukhni, via AOL · 23 October 2026, updated 20:08 UTC
Family: Reuters reporting; official accounts and separately verified video · Accessed 24 October 2026. Full accessible article read. Reuters describes its own video verification; ISS Global did not independently inspect the original CCTV. Earlier syndications count as one family.
Open original source: www.aol.com
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- 05 **Amman prosecutor announces publication restrictions in Hamoud church investigation**
Jordan News Agency (Petra) / Barakat Al-Zyoud · 23 October 2026, 16:14:32 displayed
Family: Official prosecutor decision reported by state agency · Accessed 24 October 2026. Arabic report read and archived. Source for existence and reported scope of decision; underlying signed order and jurisdictional advice not obtained.
Open original source: pt1.petra.gov.jo
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SOURCE REGISTER

Sources 06-11

Source families and access limits are recorded below. Repetition of a statement is not independent proof.

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- 06 **Prosecutor clarifies distinction between public discussion and investigation material**
Jordan News Agency (Petra) / Barakat Al-Zyoud · 23 October 2026, 18:12:48 displayed
 Family: Official clarification; same authority as source 5 · Accessed 24 October 2026. Full Arabic text read through web retrieval. Public discussion distinguished from investigation/evidence details and victim privacy. Not a claim of blanket publication permission.
 Open original source: pt1.petra.gov.jo
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- 07 **Statement of condemnation regarding attack on church in Hamoud village, Karak**
National Centre for Human Rights, Jordan · 23 October 2026
 Family: Original institutional statement · Accessed 24 October 2026. English statement and Arabic indexed counterpart reviewed. Independent institutional response, not an eyewitness or independent casualty audit. Supports life, worship and due-process discussion.
 Open original source: nchr.org.jo
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- 08 **Hamud village geographic reference**
Mapcarta / OpenStreetMap · Undated live gazetteer
 Family: Open geographic data · Accessed 24 October 2026. Village point 31.305 N, 35.7989 E; OSM node 802933679. Mapcarta page read. Direct OSM page unavailable. Does not locate the church entrance or shooting.
 Open original source: mapcarta.com
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- 09 **What do you know about Hammoud village in Al-Karak?**
Khaberni · 23 October 2026 coverage
 Family: Local geographic context · Accessed 24 October 2026. Indexed article read; direct page unavailable via web retrieval. Supports village northeast of Karak and Al-Qasr affiliation. Broad geography checked against map; approximate travel distances not adopted.
 Open original source: www.khaberni.com
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- 10 **Terms of use for static maps**
Esri · Current documentation retrieved 24 October 2026
 Family: Basemap provider terms · Accessed 24 October 2026. Documentation and World Topographic Map service metadata reviewed. Provider credits embedded; maps for report context, not a forensic geolocation.
 Open original source: doc.arcgis.com
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- 11 **Al-Maaytah: seven deaths and 27 people receiving treatment**
Jo24 / PSD press conference · 23 October 2026, 17:59 displayed
 Family: Local transcription of official briefing; same event as source 2 · Accessed 24 October 2026. Arabic full article read. Records alert about 14:10 and 34 affected including seven deaths and 27 treated. Not independent clinical audit.
 Open original source: jo24.net
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